(a (i) insufficient/limited oxygen [1] or 2C + $O_2 \rightarrow 2CO$ coke/carbon reacts with carbon dioxide [1] or C + $CO_2 \rightarrow 2CO$ (ii) $Fe_2O_3 + 3CO \rightarrow 2Fe + 3CO_2$ species (1) balancing (1) [2] (b) (i) carbon dioxide [1] (ii) CaO + SiO₂ \rightarrow CaSiO₃ [2] [1] each side correct (iii) (molten) iron higher density (than slag) [2] (iv) No oxygen in contact with iron or layer of slag prevents hot iron reacting with oxygen/air or (all) oxygen reacts with carbon (so no oxygen left to react with iron) [1] [1] (c) (i) air/oxygen and water (need both) aluminium oxide layer is impervious or non-porous or passive or unreactive or will not allow water/air to pass through it (rust allows passage of water or air or it flakes off) [1] (d) [1] zinc more reactive (than iron/steel) [1] loses electrons electrons move (from zinc) to iron [1] Zinc reacts (with air and water) or zinc corrodes or zinc is oxidised or zinc is anodic **or** zinc forms positive ions **or** zinc forms Zn²⁺ **or** iron and steel don't react with air/water or iron and steel are not oxidised or iron and steel do not form ions or iron and steel do not lose electrons or iron and steel are cathodic [1] (ii) R to L in wire [1] (iii) $2H^+ + 2e \rightarrow H_2$ species (1) balancing (1)

[Total: 19]

(a $Al^{3+} + 3e \rightarrow Al$ [2] species (1) balancing (1) (b) (i) $AlCl_3 + 3Na \rightarrow 3NaCl + Al$ [2] species (1) balancing (1) (ii) M1 electrolysis [1] M2 molten sodium chloride [1] M1 Add named more reactive metal (e.g. K) M2 Molten sodium chloride (c) (i) bauxite [1] (ii) M1 aluminium oxide / amphoteric oxide dissolves OR iron(III) oxide / basic oxide does not [1] M2 Filter COND on M1 [1] (iii) Any **two** from: Lowers (working) temperature or lowers mpt (of mixture) increases conductivity reduces cost OR energy need [2] (iv) M1 = Any one correct equation. M2 Oxygen mark Oxygen comes from oxide ions or $20^2 \rightarrow 0_2 + 4e$ M3 Carbon dioxide mark Anode reacts with oxygen / burns to form CO₂ or C + $O_2 \rightarrow CO_2$ M4 Carbon monoxide mark Anode reacts with limited oxygen / incompletely burns to form carbon monoxide or $2C + O_2 \rightarrow 2CO$ or CO₂ reacts with the anode to form carbon monoxide or $CO_2 + C \rightarrow 2CO$ M5 Fluorine mark Fluorine comes from cryolite or fluoride ions or $2F \rightarrow F_2 + 2e$ [5] (d) (i) Has an impervious **or** non-porous **or** passive **or** unreactive **or** protective oxide layer [1] (ii) Any **two** from: good conductor of heat high melting point

[2]

Unreactive towards foods

2

3 (a Rb loses 1 electron/1 electron in outer shell/1 valency or valence electron [1] Sr loses 2 electrons/2 electrons in outer shell/2 valency or valence electrons [1] (b) (i) (mix solutions of) rubidium carbonate/Rb₂CO₃ [1] strontium chloride/SrCl₂ or strontium nitrate/Sr(NO₃)₂ or strontium sulfate/SrSO₄ or strontium hydroxide/Sr(OH)₂ [1] **COND** (on two correct reactants) filter **or** centrifuge **or** decant (the residue) [1] wash with water and dry/press between filter paper/put in (low) oven/put on a (sunny) windowsill/put in sun/heat [1] (ii) $SrCO_3 \rightarrow SrO + CO_2$ [1] (c) rubidium nitrite or nitrate(III) [1] (ii) $2Sr(NO_3)_2 \rightarrow 2SrO + 4NO_2 + O_2$ [2] Species (1) Balancing (1) [Total: 10] (a M1: (zinc sulfide) heated/roasted/burnt in air (1) M2: zinc oxide formed (1) M3: zinc oxide reduced (1) M4: (by adding) coke or carbon (1) M5: Balanced equation (any one of) (1) [5] $2ZnS + 3O_2 \rightarrow 2ZnO + 2SO_2$ $2ZnO + C \rightarrow 2Zn + CO_2$ $ZnO + C \rightarrow Zn + CO$ $ZnO + CO \rightarrow Zn + CO_2$ (b) Any two from: [2] (making) brass **or** alloys (1) galvanising (1) sacrificial protection (1) batteries (1) [Total: 7]

5	(a	(i)	heat limestone/calcium carbonate (1) fractional distillation (1) liquid air (1)	[3]
		(ii)	any two of the oxides, C, S, P and Si, mentioned (1) carbon dioxide and sulfur dioxide escape/are gases (1)	
			phosphorus oxide or silicon(IV) oxide react with calcium oxide/ phosphorus oxide or silicon(IV) oxide are acidic and calcium oxide is basic (1)	
			to form a slag or calcium silicate or calcium phosphate (1)	
			must have correct equation for one of the above reactions (1)	[5]
	(b)		lattice/rows/regular arrangement of cations/positive ions/Fe ²⁺ (1) mobile/free/delocalised/sea of electrons (1)	[2]
		(ii)	the rows of ions/ions can move past each other (1) without the metal breaking/bonds are not directional/not rigid (1)	[2]
		(iii)	carbon particles/atoms different size (1) prevents movement of rows, etc. (1)	[2]
			[To	otal: 14]